Displaytech Ltd. a seacomp company

Website: www.displaytech.com.hk

LCD Module Product Specification

Product: 32128A-RGB Series Monochrome Graphic Display Module (128x32DOTS)

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October 28, 2014.

1. REVISION RECORD

VERSION	CHANGES	DATE
1.0	Initial revision	27 Mar. 2006
1.1	Maximum power supply for logic at absolute maximum ratings in page 2	15 Apr. 2008
2.0	New format; Changed the LED driving current on page 5, 6, & 7.	Jan 30, 2013
2.1	Add interface info in 2. General Specifications	Oct 28, 2014

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Item	Contents
Display Format	128 x 32 DOTS
Dot Size	0.242 x 0.245
View Area	36.1 mm x 9.95mm
Module Size	41.3 mm x 19.7mm x 8.1 mm
LCD Type	FSTN
Polarizer Mode	Transflective
View Angle	6 O'clock
Backlight	LED
Backlight Driver Type	External Power
Backlight Color	RGB
Controller & LCD Driver	ST7565V
Driving Method	1/33 Duty, 1/6 Bias
Interface	8-Bit Parallel

2. General Specifications

3. Absolute Maximum Ratings

				(Ta=25°C,	VSS=0V)
ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	ТҮР.	MAX.	UNIT
Power Supply for Logic	VDD	-0.3		3.6	V
Power Supply for LCD	V0-VSS	4.0		13.0	V
Input Voltage	V _{IN}	-0.3		VDD+0.3	V
Supply Voltage for LED Backlight	V _{LED}		3.2		V
Normal Operating Temperature	Тор	0		50	°C
Normal Storage Temperature	Tst	-10		60	°C
Wide Operating Temperature	Тор	-20		70	°C
Wide Storage Temperature	Tst	-30		80	°C

Note:

- When temperature is below 0°C, the response time of liquid crystal (LC) will be slower.
- If module driving condition exceeds the absolute maximum ratings, permanent damaged may be resulted. If module is driven within the absolute maximum ratings but exceeded the DC characteristics, malfunction may be resulted.
- VDD/VCC > VSS

4. Electrical Characteristics

DC Characteristics

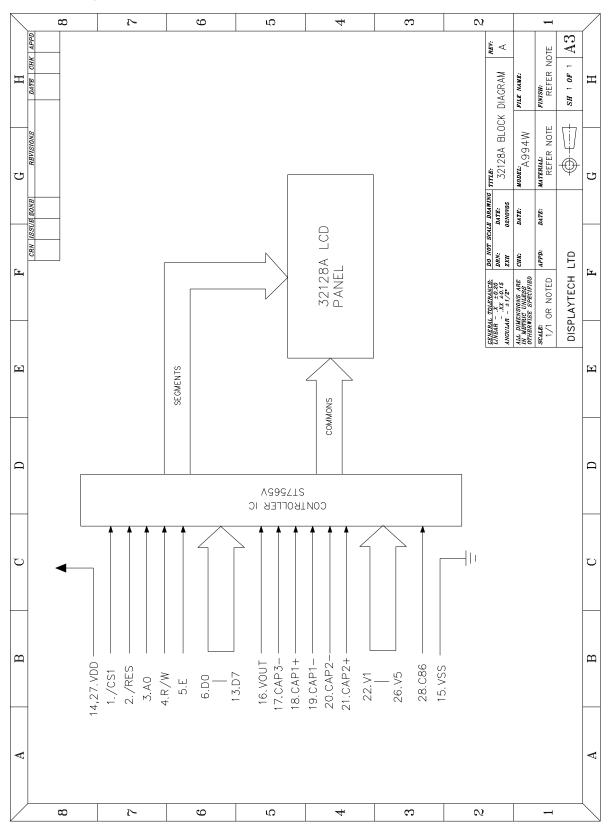
				(T	a=25°C, VS	S=0V)
ITEM	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Power Supply for LCM	VDD		2.85	3.0	3.15	Volt
Input Voltogo	V _{IL}	L level	Vss		0.2VDD	Volt
Input Voltage	V _{IH}	H level	0.8VDD		Vdd	Volt
LCD Driver Driving Voltage	VDD2	25°C		6.9		Volt
Voltage						
Supply Current for	IDD	VDD=3.0V; 25°C		0.35		mA
LCM	ILED	VLED=3.2V; 25°C		45	60	ШA

5. Display Controller /Power Supply Timing

See Display Controller Specification: Sitronix ST7565V

Version: 2.1

6. Block Diagram

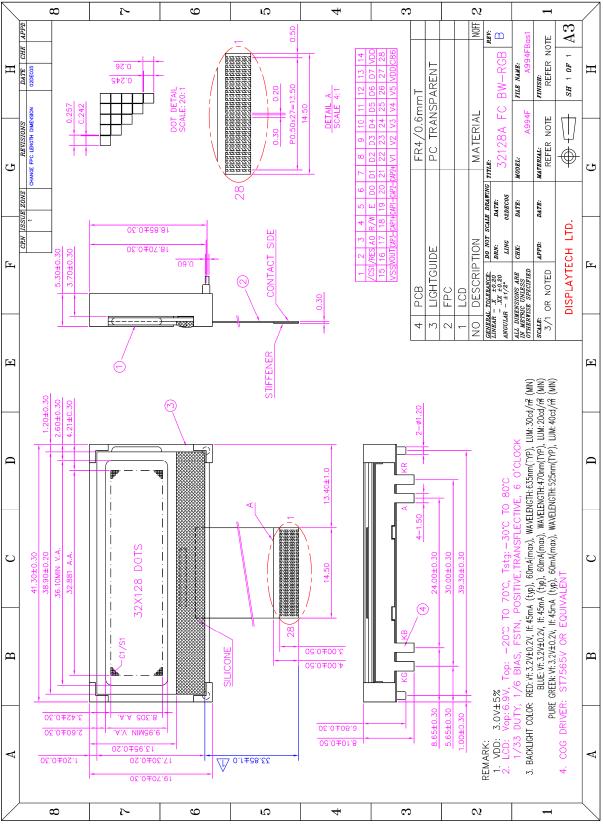


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7. Mechanical Drawing

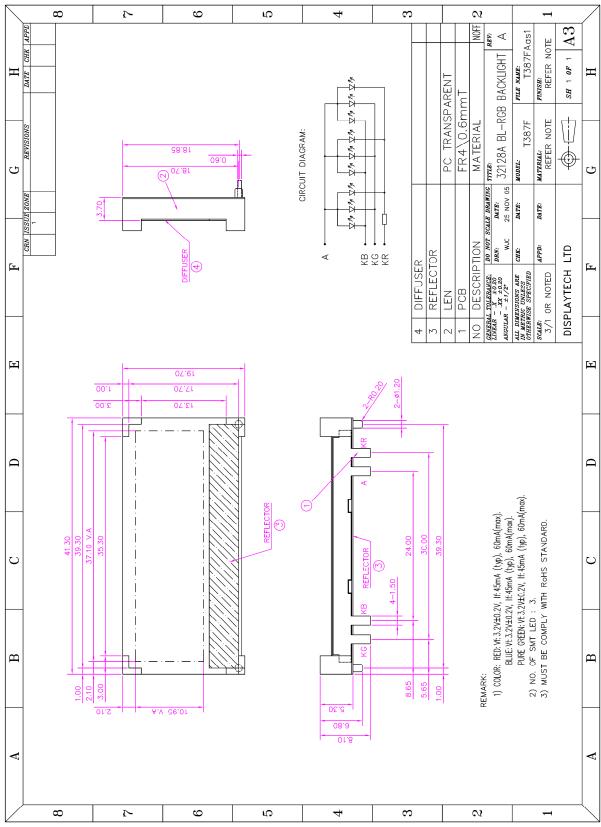
• 32128A FC BW-RGB



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8. Backlight Drawing





9. Backlight specification

• MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

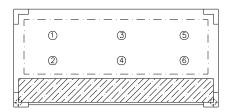
ITEM	NOMINAL DIMENSIONS	UNIT
OUTLINE SIZE (LxWxH)	41.3 x 19.7 x 8.10	mm
VIEWING AREA (LxW)	37.10 x 10.95	mm
CONTACT PIN PITCH/LENGTH	NIL	mm
NO.OF LED SMT	3	

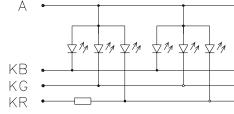
• ELECTRICAL/OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta=25°C, If=45mA typ.)

MODE		UNIT		
COLOR	RED	PURE GREEN	BLUE	
CHROMATICITY COORDINATE	X=0.7032 Y=0.2965	X=0.1899 Y=0.7276	X=0.1417 Y=0.0612	
FORWARD VOLTAGE (Vf)	3.2 typ	3.2 typ	3.2 typ	V
FORWARD CURRENT (If)	45	45	45	mA
AVERAGE LUMINOUS INTENSITY (Iv)	62	336	134	cd/m ²

• ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

ITEM	RED	PURE GREEN	BLUE	UNIT	
FORWARD CURRENT	60mA	60mA	60mA	If	
REVERSE VOLTAGE	5V	5V	5V	Vr	
OPERATING TEMPERATURE	-	Тор			
STORAGE TEMPERATURE	-	-30°C TO 80°C			





TESTING POINT



 $\forall \mathcal{H} \forall \mathcal{H} \forall \mathcal{H}$

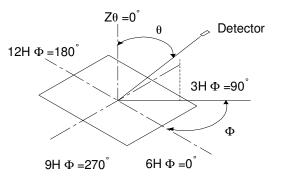
REMARK:

- 1. Average luminous intensity is the average value of the six indicated points as shown.
- 2. Measurement instrument: BM-7, APERTURE: Ø10mm.
- 3. IT IS RECOMMENDED TO DRIVE THE LED BACKLIGHT WITH <u>PWM SIGNAL</u>.

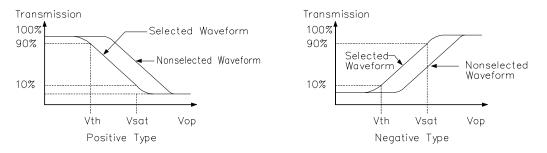
NO	Item	Symbol	Measuring		STD.	Value		Unit	Remark
NU	Item	Symbol	Condition	°C	Min	Тур	Max	Umt	Remark
1	Recommended Operating Voltage	VLCD	$ \begin{aligned} \theta &= 0 \\ \Phi &= 0 \end{aligned} $	25	6.6	6.9	7.2		
			$\theta = 0$	0					Nota1
		Vth	0 = 0 $\Phi = 0$	25		1.889		V	Note1 Note2
2	Operating		$\Psi = 0$	50					INOLE2
2	Voltage		$\theta = 0$	0					
		Vsat	$\Phi = 0$	25		2.116		_	
			$\Psi=0$	50					
		Tr $\theta = 0$ $\Phi = 10$	$\theta = 0$	0					
			r	25		58	90		
3	Despense time		$\Psi=10$	50				ma	Note4
5	Response time	θ	$\theta = 0$	0				ms	INOLE4
		Tf	$\Phi = 10$	25		118	210		
			$\Psi=10$	50					
		θ	Ф=0°	25		40			
4	Viewing	θ	Φ=180°	25		35		Deg	Note1
4	Angle ($Cr \ge 2$)	θ	Φ=90°	25		30		Deg	INOLEI
		θ	Φ=270°	25		30			
5	Current Consumption	ILCD	Hz=64	25		17		uA	Note3

10.Optical Characteristics

NOTE 1: DEFINITION OF VIEWING ANGLE AND DIRECTION



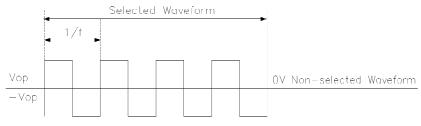
NOTE 2: THERSHOLD VOLTAGE AND SATURATION VOLTAGE



Vth: The voltage Vop which the transmission rate of segment is 90%(positive) or 10%(negative) of saturated value on conditions of the selected waveform.(non-selected waveform is opposition)

Vsat: The voltage Vop which the transmission rate of segment is 10%(positive) or 10%(negative) of saturated value on conditions of the selected waveform.(non-selected waveform is opposition)

NOTE 3: CURRENT CONSUMPTION (I LCD)

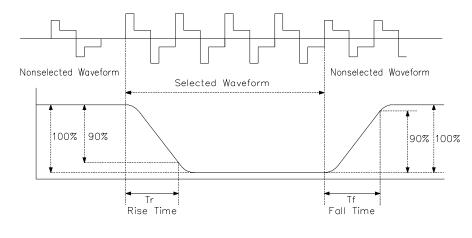


Conditions:

1. Driving waveform: static waveform.

2. Voltage applied to all segments

NOTE 4: RESPONSE TIME (Tr, Tf)



NOTE 5: CONTRAST RATIO (CR) 5.1 POSITIVE TYPE:

 CONTRAST RATIO =
 BRIGHTNESS AT VOP(NON-SELECTED)

 5.2 NEGATIVE TYPE:
 BRIGHTNESS AT VOP(SELECTED)

 CONTRAST RATIO =
 BRIGHTNESS AT VOP(SELECTED)

 BRIGHTNESS AT VOP(NON-SELECTED)
 BRIGHTNESS AT VOP(SELECTED)

NOTE 6: CAPACITANCE (C)

Measuring Methode Of Capacitance



Conditions:

Voltage applied to all segments.

11.Quality Guarantee

• PURPOSE: It is to define the inspection standard of LCD modules

• **PRODUCT STANDARD**

- 1) INSPECTION AND TEST
 - FUNCTION TEST
 - APPEARANCE INSPECTION
 - PACKING SPECIFICTION

2) INSPECTION CONDITION

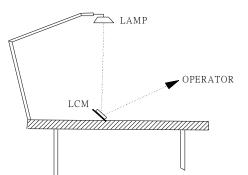
- Put under the lamp (20w×2) at a distance 100mm from the LCD Modules.
- Tilt upright 45 degree by the front (back) to inspect LCD appearance.

3) AQL INSPECTION LEVEL

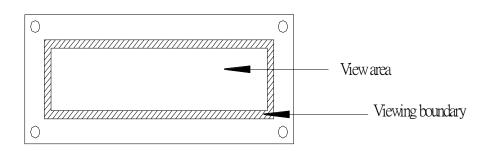
- SAMPLING METHOD
- SAMPLING PLAN
- MAJOR DEFECT
- : SINGLE : 0.65% (MAJOR)

: MIL-STD-105D

- MINOR DEFECT : 2.5% (MINOR)
- GENERAL LEVEL
- : 2.5% (MINOR : II/NORMAL



• DISPLAY AREA DEFINITION:



• INSPECTION STANDARD

1) FUNCTIONAL TEST STANDARD

Item	1) FUNCTIONAL 1	Inspection Standa	rd Descri	ption				Standar	Defect
1	LCD has no display							d Reject	type MAJ
2	LCM display do not change							Reject	MAJ
3	Display wrong pattern	ن ک						Reject	MAJ
4	Display segment open	Display segment open						Reject	MAJ
5	Display dim segment	Dim segment <			Di se	m gment		Reject	MAJ
6	Wrong LCD viewing d	irection						Reject	MAJ
7	Dim Display							See sample	MAJ
8	LCD color variation							See sample	MAJ
	Pattern parallelism			A	cceptable ra				
9					<a 0.43° 0.38° 0.43° 0.40° 0.43° 0.41° 0.43° 0.41° 0.43° Stan</a 	$ \begin{array}{c} \leq 0.1 \\ \leq 0.1 \\ \leq 0.2 \\ \leq 0.2 \\ \leq 0.2 \\ \leq 0.2 \\ \leq 0.0 \\ \leq 0.0 \\ \leq 0.0 \\ \leq 0.0 \\ \leq 0.1 $	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	Accept	
10	LCD display Pin hole			Ø , Ø	$= \frac{x+y}{2}$ $\underbrace{\cancel{0} \le 0.25}_{\cancel{0} > 0.25}_{\cancel{0} < \frac{1}{4}} W$ $\underbrace{\cancel{0} > \frac{1}{4}}_{4} W$		ГҮ 1 1 1 1	Accept Accept Accept Reject	MIN
		Draw				ndard			
11	LCD display Broken segment(dots)			($ \frac{X}{2} \stackrel{1}{4} b = \frac{1}{4} b $ $ \frac{X \text{ or } y}{2} \stackrel{2}{=} 0 \stackrel{2}{=} \frac{1}{4} b = \frac{1}{5} b $	$\frac{y}{\geq}\frac{1}{4}a$	QTY 1 1 1 2	Reject Reject Accept Accept	MIN MIN

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Item		Inspection Standar	d Descript	ion		Standard	Defect type
		×		$\emptyset = \frac{x+y}{2}$	QTY		
	LCD display			Ø<0.10		Accept	
12 Black spot or White spot			Ī	$0.1 < \emptyset \le 0.20$	2	Accept	
	White spot	'hite spot	\geq	$0.20 \le \emptyset < 0.25$	1	Accept	
				$0.25 < \emptyset \le 0.4$	0	Reject	MIN
			!	Ø>0.4	0	Reject	MAJ
			Black line	/white line(L×w)mm	QTY		
			(L	≤ 1.0)×(W ≤ 0.025)	2	Accept	
13	LCD display excess bl	ack line or white line	(1.0 <l< td=""><td>≤ 1.5)×(W\leq•0.025)</td><td>1</td><td>Accept</td><td></td></l<>	≤ 1.5)×(W \leq •0.025)	1	Accept	
			(L	>1.5)×(W≦0.025)	0	Reject	MIN
			(1	L>2)×(W>0.025)	0	Reject	MAJ
14	Backlight not function					Reject	MAJ
15	LED not function or di	im				Reject	MIN
16	Backlight defect (dirt,	scratch)				Reject	MIN

2) COSMETIC INSPECTION STANDARD

Item	Standard descript	ion of inspec	tion		Standard	Defect type
1	LCD inspection item					
1.1	LCD color variation		See sample	MIN		
1.2	LCD broken				Reject	MAJ
1.3	Wrong polarizer of LCD				Reject	MAJ
1.4	Spot on LCD surface	ļ			Reject	MAJ
	Scratch on LCD X	. 1	Scratch = \emptyset	QTY		
		▲	Ø<0.1	Except	Accept	
1.5	$\emptyset = \frac{x+y}{2}$	- У	$0.1 \le \emptyset \le 0.15$	2	Accept	
	2 241		$0.15 < \emptyset \le 0.25$	1	Accept	
		↑	Ø>0.25	1	Reject	MIN
	LCD scratch S	cratch ≟L	scratch =W	QTY		
1.6			$W \leq 0.015$		Accept	
		< 0.5	$W \leq 0.02$	2	Accept	
		<1.0	W≦0.03	1	Accept	
	Scratch depth see sample	≧1.0	W≧0.03	1	Reject	MIN
				QTY		
	White or black spot on LCD $+-\times$		Ø<0.1	<u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u></u>	Accept	
	<u>^</u>		0.1≦Ø<0.2	2	Accept	
1.7	$\emptyset = \frac{x+y}{2}$		$0.2 \le \emptyset \le 0.25$	1	Accept	
			Ø>0.25	1	Reject	MIN
		I	Bevy point	-	Reject	MIN
	Black line	(L)	(W)	QTY	licijeet	
	in LCD	L≦1.0	W≦0.025	2	Accept	
1.8		1.0<1≦1.		1	Accept	
		1.5 <l< td=""><td>W>0.025</td><td>1</td><td>Reject</td><td>MIN</td></l<>	W>0.025	1	Reject	MIN
		ne u	Size	QTY	liejeet	
			Ø<0.15	2	Accept	
1.9	Round air bubble		$0.15 \le \emptyset \le 0.25$	1	Accept	
			Ø>0.25	0	Reject	MIN
		(L)	(W)	QTY		
1.10		L<0.5	W<0.02	2	Accept	
1.10	Line defect	L<1.0	W<0.03	1	Accept	
		L≧1.0	W≧0.3	0	Reject	MIN
1.11	Finger print		•		Reject	MIN

Item	Standard description of inspection					Standard	Defect type	
2	PCB/COB specification						•	
	PCB deformity	-	_	L		Н		
2.1		, ,	±	≦6.0m	n	\leq 1.5mm	Accept	
				>6.0mm		≦1.5mm	Reject	MIN
2.1						≥1.5mm	Reject	MIN
				<0.0mm		>1.5mm	Reject	MIN
2.2	Deformity at PCB edge_dam	eformity at PCB edge, damage circuit.					Reject	MAJ
2.2					L H		nejeet	1011 10
	Convex at PCB edge			≤ 6.0 mm		≤ 1.5 mm	Accept	
2.3	contenter en cage			≥0.0mm		≤ 1.5 mm	Reject	MIN
2.5			<u>+</u> H= □ ⊢			≥ 1.5mm		MIN
				<6.0mm >6.0mm		>1.5mm	Reject	MIN
2.4	Domage excess 2x2mm at th	<u> </u>		>0.01111	1	>1.3mm	Reject	MIN
	Damage excess 2x2mm at th	e PCB corner		Reject See samp				
		Scratch on PCB surface Scratch on PCB coat/leakage coat on PCB surface						MIN MAJ
	Open circuit	COAL OIL PUB SUITACE					Reject Reject	MAJ
	PCB PTH open							MAJ
∠.ð					0757	< 1DC5	Reject	MAJ
2.9	Repair PCB PTH				QTY≦2PCS		Accept	3743
	*				QTY≧3PCS		Reject Reject	MAJ
2.10	Color different from one side	to another side.						MIN
2 11	Repaired solder mask area				$\leq 30 \text{mm}^2$		Accept	
2.11	Reparred solder mask area				\geq 30mm ²		Reject	MIN
	Scratch circuit, damage				$a \le 1/2w$ or b <w< td=""><td>Accept</td><td></td></w<>		Accept	
2.12							Ассері	
2.12					a>1/2	2w or b>w	Reject	
3	Bezel specification							
3.1	Wrong Materials							MAJ
3.2	Incorrect dimension							MAJ
3.3	Bezel broken							MAJ
3.4								MAJ
			Size			cm ² /per		
	Hole or dirty on oil Paint surface		Ø≦).3		Accept	
				Ø≦0.5		1	Accept	
3.5				>0.5		0	Reject	MIN
5.5				$\vartheta \leq 0.5$		2	Accept	1,111,1
						1	<u>^</u>	
	5100		0.5<Ø≦0.8 Ø>0.8				Accept	MINT
			Ø>0		0.01	0 nm/mm	Reject	MIN
3.6	Bezel bow or twist						Accept	1001
	h>0.01 mm/mm					Reject	MIN	
		<u>d1 d2</u>						
					2 < +=1			
2.7				d1-d2≦	$1-d2 \leq tolerance$		Accept	
3.7		T I					L	
]	14	10. /	1	D. (MINT
				d1-	u2>to	lerance	Reject	MIN

Item	Standard description of inspection						Defect type
	Scratch on bezel Face			Accept QTY			
			L	W	Not		
	~ 1		-	W≦0.15	defined		
		L≦3	W≦0.20	2	See Sample		
			L≦2	W≦0.3	2	Sample	
3.8			-	W>0.3			
	side		ide	Accept QTY			
			L	W		_	
			-	W≦0.2	except	See	
			$L \leq 3$	$W {\leq} 0.25$	2	Sample	
			$L{\leq}2$	W≦0.3	2		
3.9	Twist angle $\alpha = 45^{\circ} + 5^{\circ}$	Δ^{O}	\sim	~		Accept	
5.7	Twist angle u=+5 +5		\mathbf{i}	\sim		Ассерг	
3.10	Void gap between bezel and PCB	·				Reject	MIN
	Bezel clip incorrectly						
3.11						Reject	MIN
4	Solder specification		NG				
4.1	Wrong component					Reject	MAJ
4.2	Broken component					Reject	MAJ
	Mis-alignment Component legs extend beyond the pad and Legs >pad distance(w) on solder area >W ²					Accept	
4.3	$\begin{array}{c} & & \\$						MIN
	Component Solder legs offset distance L <solder 1="" 4w<="" legs="" td=""><td>Accept</td><td></td></solder>					Accept	
	Solder legs offset L>1/4W					Reject	MIN
4.4	Component assembly defect					Reject	MIN
4.5	CHIP components hoist ≦0.5mm					Accept	
4.6	CHIP components hoist>0.5mm					Reject	MIN
	h < 2 0mm						
4.7	Components hoist				h>2.0mm	Accept Reject	MIN
4.8	Switch (socket) hoist $h \leq 0.5$ mm					Accept	
	h>0.5mm						MIN
4.9	Components cold solder or incomplete solder					Reject	MAJ

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Item	Standard description of inspection	Standard	Defect type
4.10	Solder PAD tilt up, but height (h) less than Solder PAD thickness (a)	Accept	
4.11	Excess solder above components	Reject	Min
4.12	Insufficient solder below components height or less than diameter	Reject	MIN
4.13	Solder area less than soldering PAD Area by 2/3	Reject	MIN
4.14	Trimmed pin length beyond 0.09inch (2.3mm)	Reject	Min
5	Packing specification		
5.1	Wrong carton mark .	Reject	MAJ
5.2	Carton mark problem	Reject	MIN
5.3	Carton damage extend than 150mm	Reject	MAJ
5.4	Carton damage, scratch more 50mm, less 150mm.	Reject	MIN

12.Precautions For Using LCD Modules

• HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- 1. This device is susceptible to Electro-Static Discharge (ESD) damage. Observe Anti-Static precautions.
- 2. The display panel is made of glass. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it or impact.
- 3. If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth. If the substance contacts your skin or clothes, wash it off using soap and water.
- 4. Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary.
- 5. The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully.
- 6. If the display surface becomes contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If it is heavily contaminated, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents :
 - Isopropyl alcohol
 - Ethyl alcohol
- 7. Solvents other than those above-mentioned may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following.
 - Water
 - Ketone
 - Aromatic solvents
- 8. Exercise care to minimize corrosion of the electrode. Corrosion of the electrodes is accelerated by water droplets, moisture condensation or a current flow in a high-humidity environment.
- 9. Install the LCD Module by using the mounting holes. When mounting the LCD module make sure it is free of twisting, warping and distortion. In particular, do not forcibly pull or bend the I/O cable or the backlight cable.
- 10. Do not attempt to disassemble or process the LCD module.

- 11. NC terminal should be open. Do not connect anything.
- 12. If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.
- 13. To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.
 - Be sure to ground the body when handling the LCD modules.
 - Tools required for assembling, such as soldering irons, must be properly grounded.
 - To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembling and other work under dry conditions.
 - The LCD module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Exercise care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated.

• POWER SUPPLY PRECAUTIONS:

- 1. Identify and, at all times, observe absolute maximum ratings for both logic and LC drivers. Note that there is some variance between models.
- 2. Prevent the application of reverse polarity to VDD and VSS, however briefly.
- 3. Use a clean power source free from transients. Power-up conditions are occasionally "jolting" and may exceed the maximum ratings of the modules.
- 4. The VDD power of the module should also supply the power to all devices that may access the display. Don't allow the data bus to be driven when the logic supply to the module is turned off.

• OPERATING PRECAUTIONS:

- 1. DO NOT plug or unplug the module when the system is powered up.
- 2. Minimize the cable length between the module and host MPU.
- 3. For models with EL backlights, do not disable the backlight by interrupting the HV line. Unload inverters produce voltage extremes that may arc within a cable or at the display.
- 4. Operate the module within the limits of the modules temperature specifications.

MECHANICAL/ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:

- 1. Improper soldering is the major cause of module difficulty. Use of flux cleaner is not recommended as they may seep under the elastomeric connection and cause display failure.
- 2. Mount the module so that it is free from torque and mechanical stress.
- 3. Surface of the LCD panel should not be touched or scratched. The display front surface is an easily scratched, plastic polarizer. Avoid contact and clean only when necessary with soft, absorbent cotton dampened with petroleum benzene.
- 4. Always employ anti-static procedure while handling the module.
- 5. Prevent moisture build-up upon the module and observe the environmental constraints for storage temperature and humidity.
- 6. Do not store in direct sunlight
- 7. If leakage of the liquid crystal material should occur, avoid contact with this material, particularly ingestion. If the body or clothing becomes contaminated by the liquid crystal material, wash thoroughly with water and soap

• STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

1. When storing the LCD modules, avoid exposure to direct sunlight or to the light of fluorescent lamps. Keep the modules in bags (avoid high temperature / high humidity and low temperatures below specified storage temperature). Whenever possible, the LCD modules should be stored in the same conditions in which they were shipped from our company.

• OTHERS

- 1. Liquid crystals solidify under low temperature (below the storage temperature range) leading to defective orientation or the generation of air bubbles (black or white). Air bubbles may also be generated if the module is subject to a low temperature.
- 2. If the LCD modules have been operating for a long time showing the same display patterns, the display patterns may remain on the screen as ghost images and a slight contrast irregularity may also appear. A normal operating status can be regained by suspending use for some time. It should be noted that this phenomenon does not adversely affect performance reliability.
- 3. To minimize the performance degradation of the LCD modules resulting from destruction caused by static electricity etc., exercise care to avoid holding the following sections when handling the modules.
 - Exposed area of the printed circuit board.
 - Terminal electrode sections.

13.Using LCD Modules

• Liquid Crystal Display Modules

- LCD is composed of glass and polarizer. Pay attention to the following items when handling.
- 1. Please keep the temperature within specified range for use and storage. Polarization degradation, bubble generation or polarizer peel-off may occur with high temperature and high humidity.
- 2. Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with anything harder than an HB pencil lead (glass, tweezers, etc.).
- 3. N-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/rear polarizers and reflectors made of organic substances which will be damaged by chemicals such as acetone, toluene, ethanol and isopropylalcohol.
- 4. When the display surface becomes dusty, wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft material like chamois soaked in petroleum benzin. Do not scrub hard to avoid damaging the display surface.
- 5. Wipe off saliva or water drops immediately, contact with water over a long period of time may cause deformation or color fading.
- 6. Avoid contacting oil and fats.
- 7. Condensation on the surface and contact with terminals due to cold will damage, stain or dirty the polarizers. After products are tested at low temperature they must be warmed up in a container before coming is contacting with room temperature air.
- 8. Do not put or attach anything on the display area to avoid leaving marks on.
- 9. Do not touch the display with bare hands. This will stain the display area and degradate insulation between terminals (some cosmetics are determinated to the polarizers).
- 10. As glass is fragile. It tends to become or chipped during handling especially on the edges. Please avoid dropping or jarring.

• Precaution for Handing LCD Modules

Since LCM has been assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision, avoid applying excessive shocks to the module or making any alterations or modifications to it.

- 1. Do not alter, modify or change the shape of the tab on the metal frame.
- 2. Do not make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the positions of components to be attached.
- 3. Do not damage or modify the pattern writing on the printed circuit board.
- 4. Absolutely do not modify the zebra rubber strip (conductive rubber) or heat seal connector.
- 5. Except for soldering the interface, do not make any alterations or modifications with a soldering iron.
- 6. Do not drop, bend or twist LCM.

• Electro-Static Discharge Control

Since this module uses a CMOS LSI, the same careful attention should be paid to electrostatic discharge as for an ordinary CMOS IC.

- 1. Make certain that you are grounded when handing LCM.
- 2. Before remove LCM from its packing case or incorporating it into a set, be sure the module and your body have the same electric potential.
- 3. When soldering the terminal of LCM, make certain the AC power source for the soldering iron does not leak.
- 4. When using an electric screwdriver to attach LCM, the screwdriver should be of ground potentiality to minimize as much as possible any transmission of electromagnetic waves produced sparks coming from the commutator of the motor.
- 5. As far as possible make the electric potential of your work clothes and that of the work bench the ground potential.
- 6. To reduce the generation of static electricity, be careful that the air in the work is not too dried. A relative humidity of 50%-60% is recommended.

• Precaution for soldering to the LCM

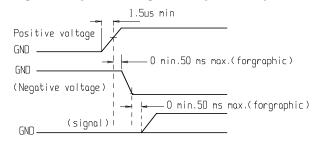
- 1. Observe the following when soldering lead wire, connector cable and etc. to the LCM.
 - Soldering iron temperature : $310^{\circ}C \pm 10^{\circ}C$.
 - Soldering time : 3-4 sec.
 - Solder : lead free solder.

If soldering flux is used, be sure to remove any remaining flux after finishing to soldering operation. (This does not apply in the case of a non-halogen type of flux.) It is recommended that you protect the LCD surface with a cover during soldering to prevent any damage due to flux spatters.

- 2. When soldering the electroluminescent panel and PC board, the panel and board should not be detached more than three times. This maximum number is determined by the temperature and time conditions mentioned above, though there may be some variance depending on the temperature of the soldering iron.
- 3. When remove the electroluminescent panel from the PC board, be sure the solder has completely melted, the soldered pad on the PC board could be damaged.

• Precautions for Operation

- 1. Viewing angle varies with the change of liquid crystal driving voltage (VO). Adjust VO to show the best contrast.
- 2. Driving the LCD in the voltage above the limit shortens its life.
- 3. Response time is greatly delayed at temperature below the operating temperature range. However, this does not mean the LCD will be out of the order. It will recover when it returns to the specified temperature range.
- 4. If the display area is pushed hard during operation, the display will become abnormal. However, it will return to normal if it is turned off and then back on.
- 5. Condensation on terminals can cause an electrochemical reaction disrupting the terminal circuit. Therefore, it must be used under the relative condition of 40°C, 50% RH.
- 6. When turning the power on, input each signal after the positive/negative voltage becomes stable.



• Storage

When storing LCDs as spares for some years, the following precaution are necessary.

- 1. Store them in a sealed polyethylene bag. If properly sealed, there is no need for dessicant.
- 2. Store them in a dark place. Do not expose to sunlight or fluorescent light, keep the temperature between 0°C and 35°C.
- 3. The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other objects. (We advise you to store them in the container in which they were shipped.)
- 4. Environmental conditions :
 - Do not leave them for more than 168hrs. at 60°C.
 - Should not be left for more than 48hrs. at -20°C.

• Safety

- 1. It is recommended to crush damaged or unnecessary LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.
- 2. If any liquid leakes out of a damaged glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.

• Limited Warranty

Unless agreed between DISPLAYTECH and customer, DISPLAYTECH will replace or repair any of its LCD modules which are found to be functionally defective when inspected in accordance with DISPLAYTECH LCD acceptance standards (copies available upon request) for a period of one year from date of shipments. Cosmetic/visual defects must be returned to DISPLAYTECH within 90 days of shipment. Confirmation of such date shall be based on freight documents. The warranty liability of DISPLAYTECH limited to repair and/or replacement on the terms set forth above. DISPLAYTECH will not be responsible for any subsequent or consequential events.

• Return LCM under warranty

No warranty can be granted if the precautions stated above have been disregarded. The typical examples of violations are :

- Broken LCD glass.
- PCB eyelet's damaged or modified.
- PCB conductors damaged.
- Circuit modified in any way, including addition of components.
- PCB tampered with by grinding, engraving or painting varnish.
- soldering to or modifying the bezel in any manner.

Module repairs will be invoiced to the customer upon mutual agreement. Modules must be returned with sufficient description of the failures or defects. Any connectors or cable installed by the customer must be removed completely without damaging the PCB eyelet's, conductors and terminals.



Компания «Океан Электроники» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Поставка оригинальных импортных электронных компонентов напрямую с производств Америки, Европы и Азии, а так же с крупнейших складов мира;

- Широкая линейка поставок активных и пассивных импортных электронных компонентов (более 30 млн. наименований);

- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Помощь Конструкторского Отдела и консультации квалифицированных инженеров;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Поставка электронных компонентов под контролем ВП;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;

- При необходимости вся продукция военного и аэрокосмического назначения проходит испытания и сертификацию в лаборатории (по согласованию с заказчиком):

- Поставка специализированных компонентов военного и аэрокосмического уровня качества (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Actel, Aeroflex, Peregrine, VPT, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instruments, MS Kennedy, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Компания «Океан Электроники» является официальным дистрибьютором и эксклюзивным представителем в России одного из крупнейших производителей разъемов военного и аэрокосмического назначения «JONHON», а так же официальным дистрибьютором и эксклюзивным представителем в России производителя высокотехнологичных и надежных решений для передачи СВЧ сигналов «FORSTAR».



«JONHON» (основан в 1970 г.)

Разъемы специального, военного и аэрокосмического назначения:

(Применяются в военной, авиационной, аэрокосмической, морской, железнодорожной, горно- и нефтедобывающей отраслях промышленности)

«FORSTAR» (основан в 1998 г.)

ВЧ соединители, коаксиальные кабели, кабельные сборки и микроволновые компоненты:

(Применяются в телекоммуникациях гражданского и специального назначения, в средствах связи, РЛС, а так же военной, авиационной и аэрокосмической отраслях промышленности).



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